

## BIO 162 Plant Signaling Homework

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

### Introduction

Make sure your hypotheses and predictions refer axillary bud length in stems treated with and without auxin.

Alternative Hypothesis:

Null Hypothesis:

Prediction:

### Results

1. Using **your data**, make a graph showing the **weekly growth** of axillary buds in stems treated with and without auxin.
2. Using the applet your TA showed you in class, run a T-test on the **full class data** comparing the **final axillary bud length** collected in Week 9 in stems treated with or without auxin.

Steps:

1. Make sure "Unstacked", "Boxplots", and "Show Shuffle Options" boxes are checked. Clear the existing data, then copy/paste your class' week 9 data into the box then click "Use Data." Remember: The applet won't work if your column labels are too long! Name your column labels "A" for "Auxin" and "L" for Lanolin.
2. On the left-hand side of the screen is a pull-down menu labeled "Statistic." Use this pull-down menu to select "t-statistic."
3. Enter your observed  $t$ -statistic in the "Count Samples" box and use the pull-down menu to select "Beyond." Press Count.

Use this test to answer the question below:

Are axillary buds on stems treated with and without auxin significantly different from each other? Your answer should include the calculated T value, the p-value, and the correct interpretation of the statistical test.

### **Discussion Questions**

1. What do your results indicate about the role of auxin in apical dominance in mint plants? Do they confirm or conflict with pre-existing scientific consensus?
2. What are some sources of error in the experimental design and/or data collection?
3. What might happen to the experimental plant if auxin was accidentally applied to the side of a stem in the middle of the shoot?
4. What kind of experiment could be a “next step” in determining the role of hormones in apical dominance (Hint: Auxin isn’t the only hormone involved)?