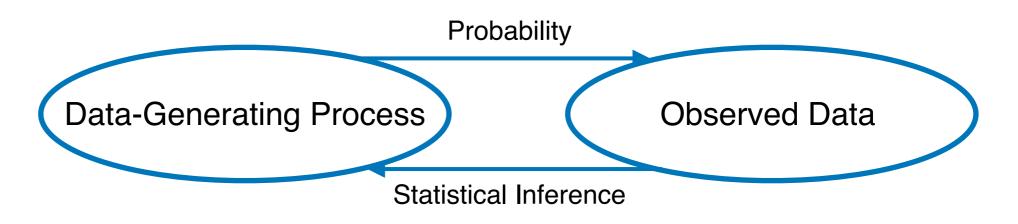


Performing Meaningful Assessment in a Modernized Mathematical Statistics Course Sequence

Erin E. Blankenship (Department of Statistics, University of Nebraska)

Peter E. Freeman (Department of Statistics & Data Science, Carnegie Mellon University)

Jennifer L. Green (Department of Statistics and Probability, Michigan State University)



- borrowed from All of Statistics (Wasserman 2004)



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The Mathematical Statistics Course Sequence

- The calculus-based course sequence traditionally features a semester of probability followed by a semester of statistical inference, and is often taught in an "old school" manner that is heavy on lecturing and light on computing (if computing is utilized at all).
- A traditional mode of assessment in this sequence is to give pencil-and-paper "solve these mathematical problems" tests.

There are two (related) issues here...

How do we modernize the math stat course sequence?

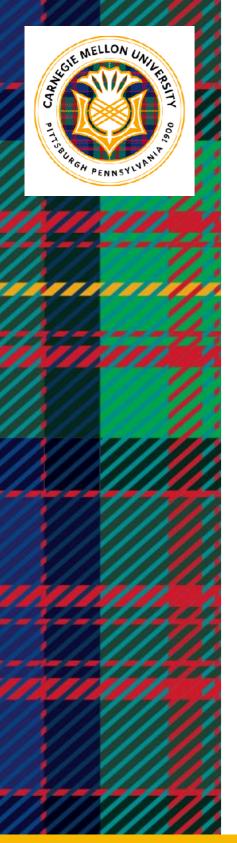
and

How do we do it in such a way as to improve students' conceptual understanding?

 In this breakout session, we will concentrate on the second question, by discussing ways of assessing student learning that go beyond "solve the problem" tests.

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As For the First Question...

"We will not solve this problem easily; no one really knows what to do."

- Carl Morris (2003)

We will use this opportunity to advertise our upcoming JSM session (with Ayona Chatterjee, Randall Pruim, and Jonathan Wells):

492 *! Thu, 8/11/2022, 8:30 AM - 10:20 AM

Why Probability, Then Statistics When it Can Be Probability, for Statistics? New Approaches for Teaching Mathematical Statistics — Invited Papers

Section on Statistics and Data Science Education, Section on Statistical Learning and Data Science, International Association for Statistical Education

Organizer(s): Peter E. Freeman, Carnegie Mellon University

Chair(s): TBD TBD, TBD

8:35 AM <u>Utilizing Spiral Learning to Enhance Conceptual Retention in Mathematical Statistics</u>
Peter E. Freeman, Carnegie Mellon University

8:55 AM Three-Course Dinner or Thanksgiving Feast? Putting the Pieces Together in a Modern Math/Stat Sequence Randall Pruim, Calvin University

9:15 AM <u>Teaching Probabability Theory in the Inverted Style</u> Jonathan Wells, Reed College

9:35 AM <u>Calcu Less - Compute More: Rethinking traditional pathways for increasing access to Data Science</u>
Ayona Chatterjee, Cal State Univ East Bay

9:55 AM <u>Cutting Through the Theory: Emphasizing and Assessing Conceptual Understanding in Mathematical Statistics</u>
Erin Blankenship, University of Nebraska-Lincoln; Jennifer Green, Michigan State University

10:15 AM Floor Discussion

(We do know what to do...but it's really context dependent!)

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Case Study: the CMU Math Stat Sequence

- The current sequence, with course numbers 36-225 and 36-226, utilizes the "old school" approach. These are the last CMU statistics courses awaiting modernization.
- Anecdotal evidence suggests that many students who pass through these courses
 do not adequately attain/retain conceptual understanding: they see many concepts
 only once (like estimation) and they fixate on mathematical details.
- In Fall 2022 and Spring 2023, we will pilot a new course sequence that utilizes a spiral-learning approach that intertwines probability and statistical inference and provides repeated exposure to basic concepts. (And utilizes computers for, e.g., visualization and simulation!)
- Two questions immediately spring to mind:

Are these changes "enough"? and Will the changes "work"?

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Case Study: Are These Changes "Enough"?

- Restated: is it enough to implement a spiral-learning approach while keeping traditional modes of student assessment (i.e., assessment used to assign class grades) in place: mathematically based homework, quizzes, and exams?
- We would argue no. (Or else we wouldn't be here today!)
- The situation is neatly summed up in this title:

Teacher's Corner

I Hear, I Forget. I Do, I Understand: A Modified Moore-Method
Mathematical Statistics Course

Nicholas J. HORTON

https://www.tandfonline.com/doi/full/10.1080/00031305.2013.849207

Students must work with the conceptual details, not just see them stated (even
if the statements are made repeatedly).

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Case Study: Are These Changes "Enough"?

The goal of the remainder of this session is to introduce, discuss, and develop(!)
alternate modes of low- and high-stakes assessments that could help improve
student outcomes in your math stat courses.

Fostering Conceptual Understanding in Mathematical Statistics

Jennifer L. GREEN and Erin E. BLANKENSHIP

https://www.tandfonline.com/doi/full/10.1080/00031305.2015.1069759

Your student assessment senseis.

But before we move into this phase of the presentation, I will mention...







Case Study: Will the Changes "Work"?

- At CMU, we will have an opportunity to determine the efficacy of the new math stat sequence, since both the new and old sequences will be taught side-by-side.
- We will utilize think-aloud interviews of students who have completed either the new or the old sequence to determine whether our new approaches do indeed facilitate greater conceptual understanding.

Research Article

Think-Aloud Interviews: A Tool for Exploring Student Statistical Reasoning

Alex Reinhart (D), Ciaran Evans (D), Amanda Luby, Josue Orellana (D), Mikaela Meyer (D), Jerzy Wieczorek (D), Accepted author version posted online: 22 Apr 2022, Published online: 13 May 2022

https://www.tandfonline.com/doi/full/10.1080/26939169.2022.2063209 See also https://www.causeweb.org/cause/ecots/ecots20/posters/2-02

This is not about the mathematical details, per se... it is about tracking student thought processes to see where conceptual issues lie.

Example:

You are given $y_1, y_2, ..., y_n$ i.i.d. samples from the following density:

 $f(y \mid \theta) = \begin{cases} \left(\frac{2y}{\theta}\right) \exp\left(-\frac{y^2}{\theta}\right) & y > 0\\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$

Find $\hat{\theta}_{\text{MLE}}$.

Definition of MGF

O Interpretation of table

0

End time (mm:ss):

Definition of Fisher information

Result: O Correct O Incorrect O Guessed

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