GTA Preparation from a Communities of Practice Perspective

Nicola Justice eCOTS - May 22, 2018



Graduate Teaching Assistants (GTAs)

Graduate students hired by their universities to

- Teach courses, or
- Assist with the teaching of courses

Includes

- Instructors of a (usually small) section of a course
- Lab facilitators
- Discussion section leaders (with office hours)
- Clerical workers/ paper graders

Please go to: PollEv.com/nicolajustic433

What word(s) best describe your experiences with graduate student preparation for teaching statistics?

What word(s) best describe your experiences with graduate student preparation for teaching statistics?

Please go to: PollEv.com/nicolajustic433

What strategies does your department use for preparing graduate students for teaching?

What strategies does your department use for preparing graduate students for teaching?

Studies of statistics GTAs often focus on problems



Studies of statistics GTAs often focus on problems

Many GTAs in statistics...

- Often lack important content knowledge for teaching (Noll, 2011)
- Can feel unprepared and unsupported for certain aspects of their teaching (Green, 2010)
- Many not familiar with current professionallyendorsed recommendations for teaching statistics (e.g., GAISE, ASA, 2005, 2016) (Justice et al., 2016)
- Have difficulty coordinating different ways of thinking about *p*-values (Dolor, 2017)

One line of research: Interventions for GTA preparation

Strategies:

- Workshops
- Courses
- Weekly meetings
- Mentoring
- Observations with Feedback
 - Using video or in-person



One line of research: Interventions for GTA preparation

Results are mixed; no holy grail...

• Some studies achieve desired outcomes; some don't

Methodological concerns include:

- No control group
- Bundling of many interventions



Another line of research: GTA Socialization



Another line of research: GTA Socialization

GTAs appear to value interactions with one another

• Seek information from each other first

(e.g., Darling & Dewey, 1990; Wulff et al., 2004)

• Rate interactions with each other as most helpful

(Myers, 1994; 1998; Williams & Roach, 1992)



Problem

There is disconnect between the two lines of research





After a teaching observation, Dr. X encourages Mario to work on allowing longer wait times for students to think.

Mario mentions this to Emmanuel. Emmanuel replies:

<u>SCENARIO 1:</u>

"Dr. X encouraged me to work on wait time as well. It's hard to do!"

SCENARIO 2:

"Dr. X encouraged me to work on wait time as well. It's impossible to do, considering all the topics we are supposed to cover!"



When the two lines of research are disconnected, research results can be confounded.



Communities of Practice

Origins:

- Lave and Wenger (1991) intended to conduct ethnographic studies of mentoring
- Discovered novices were not mentored by one person
- Novices learned by participating in a community of practitioners



"Communities of Practice are groups of people who share... a passion about a topic, and who deepen their knowledge and expertise in this area by interacting on an ongoing basis."

(Wenger, McDermott, & Snyder, 2002, p. 4)



Communities of Practice (CoPs)

- Composed of practitioners
 - Not just a group of interested discussants
 - Includes novices and experts
- Can be formal or informal
- Can be unrecognized by host institution
- Not necessarily benevolent to host

(Schlager & Fusco, 2003; Wenger, 1998)

Research foundations

- •CoPs have been applied in many fields
- In education, evidence suggests associated with:
 Successful adoption of new teaching curricula
 Significantly improved tenure rates
- •CoPs are one model that "addresses the disconnect"
 - -Experiences in formal interventions are one way to participate in the CoP



Research question

How are statistics graduate students' perceptions of their experiences in CoPs related to their beliefs about teaching statistics?



How are statistics graduate students' perceptions of their experiences in CoPs related to their beliefs about teaching statistics?

beliefs about teaching statistics

-extent to which teaching beliefs are teacher-centered versus student-centered (Kember, 1997).



Research question

How are statistics graduate students' perceptions of their experiences in CoPs related to their beliefs about teaching statistics?

experiences in CoPs

- -Used 4 categories
- -Based on previous literature
- -Examined several models of the possible relationship

Data Collection

- Two waves of e-mail invitations
 - -Executive Director of the American Statistical Association e-mailed department chairs
 - -Researcher e-mailed faculty contacts
- Faculty were asked to forward the survey invitation to their graduate students
- Participants entered into a random drawing for one of five Amazon.com gift cards

- -N=218 respondents with useable for final model
- -About 70% statistics; 30% biostatistics
- -Nearly 80% consider themselves doctoral students
- -About 25% international students
- -About 50% plan to teach as part of their career



Institutions Represented by Sample

Baylor U. Brown U. Columbia U. Duke U. Emory U. Iowa State U. Johns Hopkins U. Medical U. of S.C. Montana State U. N.C. State U. Ohio State U. Penn State U.

Purdue U. Rice U. Carnegie Mellon U. State U. of New York Texas A&M U Truman State U. U.C. Berkeley U.C. Irvine U.C. Los Angeles U. of Georgia U. of Iowa U. of Kentucky U. of Massachusetts, Amherst U. of Michigan, Ann Arbor

U. of Minnesota U. of Nebraska, Lincoln U. of New Mexico U.N.C., Chapel Hill U. of Rochester U. of South Carolina U. of Texas, Austin U. of Utah U. of Washington U. of Wisconsin, Madison Vanderbilt U.

Spoiler Alert

How are statistics graduate students' perceptions of their experiences in CoPs related to their beliefs about teaching statistics?



How are statistics graduate students' perceptions of their experiences in CoPs related to their beliefs about teaching statistics?

In my study I did **not** find any significant relationship between beliefs and experiences in CoPs.



How are statistics graduate students' perceptions of their experiences in CoPs related to their beliefs about teaching statistics?

In my study I did not find any significant relationship between beliefs about teaching statistics and experiences in CoPs.

The best predictor of GTAs' current beliefs? <u>Prior beliefs</u> about teaching statistics

Why no relationship detected?

Many Possible Reasons, Including:

- Hypothesized relationships do not exist
- Sample size too small to detect relationships
- Not properly measuring the important aspects of CoPs



More Results...

- ICOTS-10!
 - presentation
 - paper
- Dissertation posted on the IASE website
 - https://iase-web.org/Publications.php?p=Dissertations
- Stay tuned for publication



Future Research

- What do statistics GTA CoPs look like?
- What are the important aspects of participation in a statistics GTA CoP?
- How can we measure the important aspects of GTAs' experiences in CoPs?



Please go to: PollEv.com/nicolajustic433

What strategies does your department use for developing CoPs among graduate students? What strategies does your department use for developing relationships among graduate students?

Recommendations for supporting GTA CoPs

- Provide a shared space
 - Even if temporary
- Provide good food/coffee cards/sponsored happy hrs
- Honor exemplars in meaningful ways
 - scholarships, stipends
 - office space
- Capitalize on peer socialization
 - peer observations (with scaffolding)
 - Schwab & Blankenship webinar (2014) on senior GTA mentoring

More Recommendations

- GTAs
 - find a buddy
 - go visit a peer in their classroom; invite them to yours
- GTA researchers
 - acknowledge the social contexts of learning



Next Step for senior/graduating GTAs:

ASA Stat Ed Mentoring Talk Thursday 1:30 pm Mentoring program is accepting applicants! (e-mail Nicola for application)

Thankyou!

- Joan Garfield, Andy Zieffler, Bob delMas, Yuhong Yang
- Ron Wasserstein (ASA), CAR (ASA)
- Causeweb
- GTAs who participated in the survey

extra slides

Share about my dissertation study

- -Connections in the literature
- -(Briefly) Results of my study

Give ideas to...

- -Supporters of graduate students for teaching statistics
- -Current statistics graduate students
- -Researchers studying statistics GTAs

Gather ideas from listeners

- -Please open a browser window
- -Go to: PollEv.com/nicolajustic433

Thank you: ASA Stat Ed Mentoring Program

- This talk initially shared with Mentoring Program
- They requested to give me more time

- GTAs or New Faculty
 - -Sign up to be mentored (e-mail <u>njustice@plu.edu</u>)
 - -Attend the Thursday 1:30 pm EASTERN talk

Extended References

American Statistical Association. (2005). GAISE college report. http://www.amstat.org/education/gaise/GAISECollege.htm

American Statistical Association Revision Committee. (2016). GAISE College Report 2016. http://www.amstat.org/education/gaise.

Birch, J. B., & Morgan, J. (2005). TA training at Virginia Tech: A stepwise progression. American Statistician, 59(1), 14-18.

Blair, R., Kirkman, E. & Maxwell, J. (2013). Statistical abstract of undergraduate programs in the mathematical sciences in the United States: Fall 2010 CBMS Survey. Washington, DC: American Mathematical Society.

Blumenfeld, P. C., Fishman, B. J., Krajcik, J. S., and Marx, R. W. 2000. Creating usable innovations in systemic reform: Scaling up technology-embedded project-based science in urban schools. Educational Psychologist 35(3):149–164.

Boehrer, J., & Sarkisian, E. (1985). The Teaching Assistant's Point of View. New Directions for Teaching and Learning, (22), 7-20.

Boice, R. (1992). Lessons learned about mentoring. New Directions for Teaching and Learning, 50, 51-61.

Boman, J. S. (2013). Graduate student teaching development : Evaluating the effectiveness of training in relation to graduate student characteristics. Canadian Journal of Higher Education, 43(1), 100–114.

Buerkel-Rothfuss, N., & Gray, P. (1990). Graduate teaching assistant training in speech communication and non-communication departments: A national survey. *Communication Education*, 39(4), 292–307. Retrieved from http://www.tandfonline.com/doi/full/10.1080/03634529009378811

Carroll, J. G. (1980). Effects of training programs for university teaching assistants: A review of empirical research. The Journal of Higher Education, 51(2), 167. doi:10.2307/1981372

Cahyadi, V., & Butler, P. H. (2005). A professional development course for teaching assistants. In HERDSA Annual International Conference (pp. 79-85).

Chism, N. V. N. (Ed.). (1987). Institutional responsibilities and responses in the employment and education of teaching assistants: Readings from a national conference. Columbus, Ohio: The Ohio State University Center for Teaching Excellence.

Cobb, G. (1992). Teaching Statistics. Steen, L.A. (Ed.) Heeding the call for change: Suggestions for curricular action. MAA Notes (22). Washington, DC: Mathematical Association of America, 3–34.

Constantinides, J. C. (1987). Designing a training program for international teaching assistants. In N. V. N. Chism (Ed.), Institutional responsibilities and responses in the employment and education of teaching assistants: Readings from a national conference. (pp. 275–283). Columbus, Ohio: The Ohio State University Center for Teaching Excellence.

Constantinides, J. C. (1989). ITA training programs. New Directions for Teaching and Learning, (39), 71-77. doi:10.1002/tl.37219893908

Cooney, T. J. (1994). On the application of science to teaching and teacher education. In R. Biehler, R. W. Scholz, R. Sträer, & B. Winkelmann (Eds.), Didactics of mathematics as a scientific discipline (pp. 103–116). Dordrecht, The Netherlands: Kluwer.

Cox, M. D. (2004). Introduction to faculty learning communities. New directions for teaching and learning, 2004(97), 5-23.

Crede, E., BorrEgo, M., & McNair, L. D. (2010). Application of community of practice theory to the preparation of engineering graduate students for faculty careers. Advances in Engineering Education, 2(2), 1–22.

Dalgaard, K. A. (1982). Some effects of training on teaching effectiveness of untrained university teaching assistants. Research in Higher Education, 17(1), 39-50.

Darling, A. L. (1987). TA socialization: A communication perspective. In N. V. N. Chism (Ed.), Preparing Graduate Students to Teach: Past, Present, and Future. The professional development of graduate teaching assistants, 1–18. (pp. 91–94). Columbus, Ohio: The Ohio State University.

Darling, A., & Dewey, M. (1990). Teaching assistant socialization: Communication with peer leaders about teaching and learning. *Teaching and Teacher Education*, 6(4), 315 – 326. doi:10.1016/0742-051X(90)90024-Y

Darling, A., & Staton, A. (1989). Socialization of graduate teaching assistants: A case study in an American university. International Journal of Qualitative Education, 2(3), 221 - 235.

Davis, W. E., & Minnis, D. L. (1993). Designing a program to prepare graduate students for careers as college teachers. Innovative Higher Education, 17(3), 211–224. doi:10.1007/BF00915602

DeNeef, A. L. (2002). The Preparing Future Faculty Program: What difference does it make? (pp. 1-31). Washington, DC.

Diamond, R. M., & Gray, P. J. (1987). A national study of teaching assistants. In Association for the Study of Higher Education (pp. 1-9).

Dodge, L., & Kendall, M. E. (2004). Learning communities. College Teaching, 52(4), 150-155.

Dotger, S. (2011). Exploring and developing graduate teaching assistants' pedagogies via lesson study. Teaching in Higher Education, 16(2), 157-169. doi:10.1080/13562517.2010.507304

Ethington, C. A., & Pisani, A. (1993). The RA and TA experience: Impediments and benefits to graduate study. Research in Higher Education, 34(3), 343-354.

Fagen, A. P., & Suedkamp Wells, K. M. (2004). The 2000 national doctoral program survey: An on-line study of students' voices. In D. H. Wulff & A. E. Austin (Eds.), Paths to the professoriate: Strategies for enriching the preparation of future faculty (pp. 74–91).

Fang, Z. (1996). A review of research on teacher beliefs and practices. Educational Research, 38(1), 47-65.

Farbrigar, L. R., Wegener, D. T., MacCallum, R. C., & Strahan, E. J. (1999). Evaluating the use of exploratory factor analysis in psychological research. *Psychological Methods*, 4(3), 272–299. doi:10.1037/1082-989X.4.3.272

Fernald, P. S. (1995). Preparing psychology graduate students for the professoriate. American Psychologist, 50(6), 421.

Frank, B. W., & Speer, N. M. (2013). Building knowledge for teaching : Three cases of physics graduate students. In AIP Conference Proceedings, 1513 (Vol. 1513, p. 126).

Froelich, A. G., Duckworth, W. M., & Stephenson, W. R. (2005). Training Statistics teachers at Iowa State University. The American Statistician, 59(1), 8-10.

Garfield, J., & Everson, M. (2009). Preparing teachers of statistics : A graduate course for future teachers. Journal of Statistics Education, 17(2), 223 - 237.

Garfield, J., Hogg, R., Schau, C., & Wittinghill, D. (2002). First courses in statistical science: The status of educational reform efforts. Journal of Statistics Education, 10 (2).

Gelman, A. (2005). A course on teaching statistics at the university level. The American Statistician, 59(1), 4-7.

Garfield, J., & Everson, M. (2009). Preparing teachers of statistics : A graduate course for future teachers. Journal of Statistics Education, 17(2), 223 - 237.

Garrison, D., Anderson, T., & Archer, W. (2000). Critical inquiry in a text-based environment: Computer conferencing in higher education. The Internet and Higher Education, 2(2), 87-105.

Garrison, D. R., Anderson, T., & Archer, W. (2010). The first decade of the community of inquiry framework: A retrospective. Internet and Higher Education, 13(1-2), 5-9. doi:10.1016/j.iheduc.2009.10.003

Gilmore, J. A., Maher, M. A., Feldon, D. F., & Timmerman, B. E. (2013). Exploration of factors related to the development of science, technology, engineering and mathematics gradate teaching assistants' teaching orientations. *Studies in Higher Education*, 1–19.

Gilreath, J. A., & Slater, T. F. (1994). Training graduate teaching assistants to be better undergraduate physics educators. Physics Education, 29(4), 200-203. doi:10.1088/0031-9120/29/4/003

Golde, C. M., & Dore, T. M. (2001). At cross purposes: What the experiences of today's doctoral students reveal about doctoral education (pp. 1-65).

Green, J. L. (2010). Teaching highs and lows: Exploring university teaching assistants' experiences. Statistics Education Research Journal, 9(2), 108-122.

Hammrich, P. L. (1996). The Impact of teaching assistants' conceptions on college science teaching. The journal of Graduate Teaching Assistant Development, 3, 109-117.

Hannigan, A., Gill, O., & Leavy, A. M. (2013). An investigation of prospective secondary mathematics teachers' conceptual knowledge of and attitudes towards statistics. *Journal of Mathematics Teacher Education*, 16(6), 427–449.

Harkness, W. L., & Rosenberger, J. L. (2005). Training graduate students at Penn State University in teaching Statistics. The American Statistician, 51(1), 11–13.

Hartnett, R. T., & Katz, J. (1977). The education of graduate students. Journal of Higher Education, 48(6), 646-664. doi:10.2307/1979010

Hoessler, C., & Godden, L. (2015). The visioning of policy and the hope of implementation: Support for graduate students' teaching at a Canadian institution. The Canadian Journal of Higher Education, 45(1), 83.

Hogg, R. V. (1991). Statistical education : Improvements are badly needed. The American Statistician, 45(4), 342-343.

Holgado-Tello, F. P., Chacón-Moscoso, S., Barbero-García, I., & Vila-Abad, E. (2010). Polychoric versus Pearson correlations in exploratory and confirmatory factor analysis of ordinal variables. *Quality & Quantity, 44*(1), 153-166.

Holmes, N. G., Ives, J., & Warren, M. (2013). Teaching assistant professional development by and for TAs. The Physics Teacher, 51(4), 218-219.

Hu, L. T., & Bentler, P. M. (1999). Cutoff criteria for fit indexes in covariance structure analysis: Conventional criteria versus new alternatives. Structural equation modeling: a multidisciplinary journal, 6(1), 1–55.

Jacobs, L. C., & Friedman, C. B. (1988). Student achievement under foreign teaching associates compared with native teaching associates. The Journal of Higher Education, 551-563.

Jones, J. L. (1993). TA training: From the TA's point of view. Innovative Higher Education, 18(2), 147-161.

Justice, N., Zieffler, A., & Garfield, J. (in press) Statistics Graduate Teaching Assistants' Beliefs, Practices, and Preparation for Teaching Introductory Statistics. Statistics Education Research Journal.

Kane, R., Sandretto, S., & Heath, C. (2002). Telling half the story: A critical review of research on the teaching beliefs and practices of university academics. *Review of Educational Research*, 72(2), 177–228. doi:10.3102/00346543072002177

Keith, T. Z. (2006). Multiple regression and beyond. Boston: Pearson Education, Inc.

Kember, D. (1997). A reconceptualisation of the research into university academics' conceptions of teaching. Learning and Instruction, 7(3), 255-275.

Korpan, C. (2014). From teaching assistant training (TA) to workplace learning. *Collected Essays on Learning and Teaching*, 7(2). Retrieved from http://celt.uwindsor.ca/ojs/leddy/index.php/CELT/article/viewFile/4002/3294

Lave, J. (1996). Teaching, as learning, in practice. Mind, Culture, and Activity, 3(3), 149-164.

Lave, J., & Wenger, E. (1991). Situated learning: Legitimate peripheral participation. Cambridge, England: Cambridge University Press.

Little, J. W. (1990). The mentor phenomenon and the social organization of teaching. Review of Research in Education, 16, 297-351.

Little, J.W. (2002). Locating learning in teachers' communities of practice: Opening up problems of analysis in records of everyday work. Teaching and Teacher Education, 18(8), 917–946.

Luft, J. A., Kurdziel, J. P., Roehrig, G. H., & Turner, J. (2004). Growing a garden without water : Graduate teaching assistants in introductory TA training at a doctoral research university. Journal of Research in Science Teaching, 41(3), 211–233. doi:10.1002/tea.20004

Luo, J., Grady, M. L., & Bellows, L. H. (2001). Instructional issues for teaching assistants. Innovative Higher Education, 25(3), 209-230.

Marincovich, M., Prostko, J., & Stout, F. (Eds.). (1998). The professional development of graduate teaching assistants. Bolton, MA: Anker Publishing Company.

Moore, D.S. (2005). Preparing graduate students to teach statistics: Introduction. The American Statistician, 59(1), 1-3.

Muzaka, V. (2009). The niche of graduate teaching assistants (GTAs): perceptions and reflections. Teaching in Higher Education, 14(1), 1–12. doi:10.1080/13562510802602400

Myers, S. A. (1994). The availability and helpfulness of graduate teaching assistant socialization activities. Communication Research Reports, 11(2), 221–228.

Myers, S. A. (1998). GTAs as organizational newcomers: The association between supportive communication relationships and information seeking. *Western Journal of Communication*, 62(1), 54–73. Retrieved from http://www.tandfonline.com/doi/full/10.1080/10570319809374597

Noll, J. A. (2011). Graduate teaching assistants' statistical content knowledge of sampling. Statistics Education Research Journal, 10(2), 48-74.

Nyquist, J. D., Abbott, R. D., Wulff, D. H., & Sprague, J. (Eds.). (1991). Preparing the professoriate of tomorrow to teach: selected readings in TA training. Dubuque, Iowa: Kendall/Hunt Publishing Company.

Nyquist, J. D., & Sprague, J. (1998). Thinking developmentally about TAs. In The professional development of graduate teaching assistants (pp. 61 - 68).

Nyquist, J. D., & Wulff, D. H. (1987). The training of graduate teaching assistants at the University of Washington. In N. V. N. Chism (Ed.), *Institutional responsibilities and responses in the employment* and education of teaching assistants: Readings from a national conference. (pp. 144–154). Columbus, Ohio: The Ohio State University Center for Teaching Excellence.

Pajares, M. F. (1992). Teachers' beliefs and educational research: Cleaning up a messy construct. Review of Educational Research, 62, 307-332. doi:10.3102/00346543062003307

Park, C., & Ramos, M. (2002). The donkey in the department? Insights into the graduate teaching assistant (GTA) experience in the UK. Journal of Graduate Education, 3, 47-53.

Parrett, J. L. (1987). A ten-year review of TA training programs: Trends, patterns, and common practices. In N. V. N. Chism (Ed.), Institutional responsibilities and responses in the employment and education of teaching assistants: Readings from a national conference. (pp. 67–79). Columbus, Ohio: The Ohio State University Center for Teaching Excellence.

Prieto, L. R., & Altmaier, E. M. (1994). The relationship of prior training and previous teaching experience to self-efficacy among graduate teaching assistants. Research in Higher Education, 35(4), 481-497.

Prieto, L. R., & Meyers, S. A. (1999). Effects of training and supervision on the self-efficacy of Psychology graduate teaching assistants. Teaching of Psychology, 26(4), 264-266.

Pruitt-Logan, A. S., & Gaff, J. G. (2004). Preparing Future Faculty: Changing the culture of doctoral education. In D. H. Wulff & A. E. Austin (Eds.), Paths to the professoriate: Strategies for enriching the preparation of future faculty (pp. 177–193). San Francisco, CA: Jossey-Bass.

Richlin, L., & Cox, M. D. (2004). Developing scholarly teaching and the scholarship of teaching and learning through faculty learning communities. New directions for teaching and learning, 2004(97), 127–135.

Rodriques, R. A. B., & Bond-Robinson, J. (2006). Comparing faculty and student perspectives of graduate teaching assistants' teaching. Journal of Chemical Education, 83(2), 305-312.

Roehrig, G. H., Luft, J. A., Kurdziel, J. P., & Turner, J. A. (2003). Graduate teaching assistants and inquiry-based instruction : Implications for graduate teaching assistant training. *Journal of Chemical Education*, 80(10), 1206 – 1210.

Rosseel, Y. (2012). lavaan: An R package for structural equation modeling. *Journal of Statistical Software*, 48, 1–36. Retrieved from http://www.doaj.org/doaj?func=fulltext&aId=1325391\nhttp://www.jstatsoft.org/v48/i02

Rovai, A. P. (2002). Development of an instrument to measure classroom community. Internet and Higher Education, 5(3), 197-211. doi:10.1016/S1096-7516(02)00102-1

Rubin, D. L. (1992). Nonlanguage factors affecting undergraduates' judgments of nonnative English-speaking teaching assistants. Research in Higher Education, 33(4), 511–531. doi:10.1007/BF00973770

Rumsey, D. J. (1998). A cooperative teaching approach to introductory statistics. Journal of Statistics Education, 6(1), 163-171.

Sarkisian, E., & Maurer, V. (1998). International TA training and beyond: Out of the program and into the classroom. In *The Professional Development of Graduate Teaching Assistants* (pp. 163–180). Bolton, MA: Anker Publishing Company.

Saroyan, A., Dagenais, J., & Zhou, Y. (2008). Graduate students' conceptions of university teaching and learning: formation for change. Instructional Science, 37(6), 579-600. doi:10.1007/s11251-008-9071-8

Sawada, D., Piburn, M. D., Judson, E., Turley, J., Falconer, K., Benford, R., & Bloom, I. (2002). Measuring reform practices in science and mathematics classrooms: The reformed teaching observation protocol. School Science and Mathematics, 102(6), 245–253.

Schau, C., Stevens, J., Dauphinee, T. L., & Vecchio, A. D. (1995). The Development and Validation of the Survey of Attitudes Toward Statistics. Educational and Psychological Measurement, 55(5), 868–875. doi:10.1177/0013164495055005022

Schlager, M. S., & Fusco, J. (2003). Teacher professional development, technology, and communities of practice: Are we putting the cart before the horse?. The Information Society, 19(3), 203–220.

Schoem, D., Carlton, S., Gates, B., & Black, B. (1991). Developing and implementing a college-wide TA training program at the University of Michigan. In J. D. Nyquist, R. D. Abbott, D. H. Wulff, & J. Sprague (Eds.), *Preparing the Professoriate of Tomorrow to Teach. Selected Readings in TA Training*. (pp. 150–156).

Shannon, D. M., Twale, D. J., & Moore, M. S. (1998). TA teaching effectiveness: The impact of training and teacher experience. Journal of Higher Education, 69(4), 440-466.

Smylie, M. A., Allensworth, E., Greenberg, R. C., Harris, R., & Luppescu, S. (2001). Teacher professional development in Chicago: Supporting effective practice. Chicago, IL: Consortium on Chicago School Research.

Speer, N. M. (2004). Meeting the changing needs of mathematics graduate student teaching assistants: The evolution of professional development activities for instruction using collaborative groups. Journal of Faculty Development, 20(1), 5–10.

Staton, A. Q., & Darling, A. L. (1989). Socialization of teaching assistants. New Directions for Teaching and Learning, (39), 15-22. doi:10.1002/tl.37219893904

Svinicki, M. D. (1989). The Development of TAs: Preparing for the future while enhancing the present. New Directions for Teaching and Learning, 1989(37), 71-80.

Thomas, C. F., & Monoson, P. K. (1993). Oral English language proficiency of ITAs: Policy, implementation, and contributing factors. *Innovative Higher Education*, *17*(3), 195–209. doi:10.1007/BF00915601

Travers, P. D. (1989). Better teaching training assistants. College Teaching, 37(4), 147-149.

Vescio, V., Ross, D., & Adams, A. (2008). A review of research on the impact of professional learning communities on teaching practice and student learning. *Teaching and Teacher Education*, 24(1), 80–91.

Volkmann, M. J., & Zgagacz, M. (2004). Learning to teach physics through inquiry: The lived experience of a graduate teaching assistant. Journal of Research in Science Teaching, 41(6), 584–602. doi:10.1002/tea.20017

Vygotsky, L. S. (1978). Mind in society: The development of higher psychological processes. Cambridge, MA: Harvard University Press.

Weimer, M., Svinicki, M. D., & Bauer, G. (1989). Designing programs to prepare TAs to teach. New Directions for Teaching and Learning, (39), 57-70. doi:10.1002/tl.37219893907

Wenger, E., McDermott, R. A., & Snyder, W. (2002). Cultivating Communities of Practice: A Guide to Managing Knowledge. Harvard, MA: Harvard Business Press.

Williams, D. E., & Roach, D. K. (1992). Graduate teaching assistant perceptions of training programs. Communication Research Reports, 9(2), 183-192.

Williams, L. S. (1991). The effects of a comprehensive teaching assistant training program on teaching anxiety and effectiveness. Research in Higher Education, 32(5), 585–598. doi:10.1007/BF00992630

Wise, S. L. (1985). The development and validation of a scale measuring attitudes toward statistics. Educational and Psychological Measurement, 45(2), 401-405.

Wulff, D. H., & Austin, A. E. (Eds.). (2004). Paths to the Professoriate: Strategies for Enriching the Preparation of Future Faculty. San Francisco, CA: Jossey-Bass.

Wulff, D. H., Austin, A. E., Nyquist, J. D., & Sprague, J. (2004). The development of graduate students as teaching scholars: A four-year longitudinal study. In D. H. Wulff & A. E. Austin (Eds.), *Paths to the professoriate: Strategies for enriching the preparation of future faculty* (pp. 46–73).

Wulff, D. H., Nyquist, J. D., & Abbott, R. D. (1991). Developing a TA program that reflects the culture of the institution: TA training at the University of Washington. In J. D. Nyquist, R. D. Abbott, D. H. Wulff, & J. Sprague (Eds.), *Preparing the Professoriate of Tomorrow to Teach. Selected Readings in TA Training.* (pp. 113–122). Dubuque, Iowa: Kendall/Hunt Publishing Company.

Wyse, S. (2010). Breaking the mold: Preparing graduate teaching assistants to teach as they are taught to teach. Michigan State University.

Zhang, Y., & Yang, Y. (2015). Cross-validation for selecting a model selection procedure. Journal of Econometrics, 187(1), 95–112.

Zieffler, A., Park, J., Garfield, J., DelMas, R., & Bjornsdottir, A. (2012). The Statistics Teaching Inventory: A survey on statistics teachers' classroom practices and beliefs. *Journal of Statistics Education*, 20(1), 1–29.